State of Idaho Drinking Water State Revolving Fund State Fiscal Year 2008 Intended Use Plan

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IDAHO DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND STATE FISCAL YEAR 2008 INTENDED USE PLAN

I. Introduction

On August 6, 1996, the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Amendments of 1996 (P.L.104-182) were signed into law. Section 1452 of this Act authorized the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to establish a Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) program to assist public water systems finance the costs of infrastructure needed to achieve or maintain compliance with the SDWA requirements and to protect public health.

Section 1452(b) requires each State to annually prepare an Intended Use Plan (IUP) identifying the use of funds in the DWSRF and describe how those uses support the goal of protecting public health.

The State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) proposes to adopt the following IUP for the State fiscal year (SFY) 2008 (July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008). The source of federal funding identified in this IUP is the Federal fiscal year (FFY) 2007 Capitalization Grant. The DWSRF is administered by the DEQ Water Quality Division Loan Program, which also administers the Clean Water SRF.

This IUP includes the following:

- A list of prospective loan projects, ranked in priority order, including size of systems, estimated project cost and a project description
- The criteria and methods for distribution of funds
- Short-term and long-term goals of the DWSRF
- DWSRF set-aside activities
- Assurances and specific proposals

Available funding for projects is estimated to be \$38,172,829 as documented in the worksheet on the following page.

NET RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO LO	OAN	\$38,172,829
disbursement requests from the DWSRF) Net Remaining Loan Obligations:		(20,132,204)
(Loans in construction less disburse Addback: 5% Project shrinkage (Some projects will self-finance and reduce		
Current Remaining Loan Obligations:	(\$21,191,794)	
Total Resources:		\$58,305,033
SFY 2009	295,217	
SFY 2007 (3/1/07-6/30/07) SFY 2008	107,352 322,055	
Interest on Cash/Investments		
SFY 2009	1,032,117	
SFY 2008	1,747,606	
Loans Receivable: SFY 2007 (3/1/07-6/30/07)	743,158	
State Match	1,650,000	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2008	5,700,000	
State Match	1,650,000	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2007	5,700,000	
State Match	1,645,860	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2006	5,678,217	
State Match	1,657,100	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2005	5,716,995	
State Match	1,600,620	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2004	5,729,139	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2003 State Match	5,522,829 1,600,820	
2.000	,	
EPA Capitalization Grant FFY2002 State Match	2,353,042 682,041	
Cash (As of March 1, 2007)	\$7,170,866	
Resources:		

Key Assumptions:

Projects take 28 months to construct and close from date of loan signing. **Total Resources** for next 27 months to allow best comparison to Net Remaining Loan Obligations. New loan obligations cannot exceed **NET RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO LOAN.** Next projection will be July 1, 2007.

II. List of Projects

Attachment II is the SFY 2008 Drinking Water Loan Fundable List and Project Priority List (Project Priority List) which was approved by the Board of Environmental Quality on April 18, 2007. Projects are arranged on the Project Priority List in priority order. The method for determining the priority rating for projects and the public involvement process are described in the latter parts of this document. Projects on the Project Priority List that are not on Fundable List and are not funded by another agency can be re-rated and carried over to the next SFY Project Priority List.

III. Program Goals

DEQ's long-term Loan Program goals are to:

- 1. Protect public health of citizens served by drinking water systems by offering financial assistance to construct the most cost effective drinking water facilities. Financial assistance includes below market rate loans and may include principal forgiveness (for disadvantaged communities).
- 2. Assist public water systems as they strive to achieve and maintain statewide compliance with federal and state drinking water standards. DEQ will provide information and technical assistance in the form of brochures and the quarterly Drinking Water Bulletin, which contains articles on such topics as the DWSRF, operator training and certification, and GWUDI monitoring and treatment technology.
- 3. Implement a capacity development strategy. The goal of the capacity development program is to ensure that our current capacity to deliver safe, reliable water is not only maintained but is expanded to meet future needs. This goal is facilitated by supporting public water systems in the maintenance and expansion of their technical, financial and managerial capacity.
- 4. Implement a source water assessment and protection strategy. A source water assessment provides information on the potential threats to public drinking water sources (in Idaho most of those sources are ground water).
- 5. Manage the Idaho DWSRF to ensure its financial integrity, viability and revolving nature in perpetuity.

DEQ's short-term Loan Program goals are to:

- 1. Perform the tasks necessary to assure that all appropriate loan assistance requested is provided in a timely manner.
- 2. Update the Operating Agreement with the EPA.

- 3. Make necessary changes to the FFY 2007 EPA capitalization grant application, which may include:
 - Application Form 424
 - Operating Agreement
 - Procedures
 - Annual Report
 - Organizational Flow Charts & Descriptions
 - Intended Use Plan
- 4. Monitor the implementation of the new accounting software and develop enhanced reporting capabilities (which are now possible as a result of the new software's capability to interface with MicroSoft applications).
- 5. Monitor the results of the simplification of the accounting structure.

IV. Information on the Activities to be Supported

A. Allocation of Funds

The primary type of assistance to be provided by the DWSRF is expected to be in the form of low interest loans for up to 100% of project costs. The rate of interest in SFY 2008 will be 3.00% with the exception that, portions of those projects being built to comply with requirements for additional treatment imposed by the SDWA and projects that consolidate two or more drinking water systems will be 1.75%. Some projects may have a blended interest rate between 3.00% and 1.75%. Principal and interest repayments must begin no later than one year after the date the constructed facility initiates operations. All loans, with the exception of disadvantaged loans, will be paid back over a period not to exceed twenty (20) years. Disadvantaged loans may have: repayment schedules of up to thirty (30) years; lower interest rates; and, principal forgiveness (see Attachment IV for an explanation of the Disadvantaged Loans program).

B. Loan Eligible Activities

DWSRF loans will provide for construction of water supply, treatment, storage and distribution facilities. SRF loan assistance will be provided to local communities, counties, water districts, and non-profit associations.

DEQ may award any combination of planning, design and construction loans from the DWSRF.

C. Use of Set-asides

DEQ plans to reserve four percent (4%) or \$329,172 of the capitalization grant for administrative expenses of the DWSRF. Such activities include, but are not limited to:

preparation of project lists; project application, review and monitoring; review of environmental documents; disbursement of loan funds; receipting of loan repayments and administering activities funded from the DWSRF set-asides.

DEQ plans to reserve two percent (2%) or \$164,586 to provide technical assistance to small public water systems. None of these funds will be spent until EPA has approved a work plan that identifies tasks for which the funds will be used.

DEQ plans to reserve ten percent (10%) or \$822,930 to supplement the Drinking Water program. None of these funds will be spent until EPA has approved a work plan that identifies tasks for which the funds will be used.

DEQ plans to reserve ten percent (10%) or \$822,930 of the capitalization grant for wellhead (drinking water) protection. These funds will be utilized for conducting hydrologic, geotechnical, and contaminant susceptibility studies in support of the design and development of drinking water protection plans. In areas where surface or subsurface drinking water has been identified as contaminated, or has been determined to have a high potential for future contamination, DEQ will conduct or oversee the implementation of projects designed to mitigate or reduce the potential for contamination of identified waters. In addition, DEQ will use a portion of this set-aside to provide technical assistance to public water supply systems and local government entities on all aspects of drinking water protection plan development and implementation. None of these funds will be spent until EPA approves a work plan that identifies tasks for which the funds will be used.

DEQ plans to reserve five percent (5%) or \$411,465 of the capitalization grant for development and implementation of the capacity development strategy. These monies will fund the several capacity development tasks as detailed in the approved workplan. None of these funds will be spent until EPA has approved a work plan that identifies tasks for which the funds will be used.

If the amount of funds reserved is not used in the first year, the excess will be banked and used for the same purposes in future years.

V. Assurances and Specific Proposals

A. Environmental Reviews

DEQ certifies that it will conduct environmental reviews of each project receiving assistance from the DWSRF. DEQ will follow "EPA approved, NEPA-like procedures" in conjunction with environmental reviews.

These procedures are outlined in Idaho Administrative Code IDAPA 58.01.20 - Rules for Administration Department of Environmental Quality of Drinking Water Loan Account.

A more detailed procedural description can also be found in the Drinking Water Loan Account Handbook of Procedures (Chapter 5). Copies of both the Rules and Procedures were included in the application for FFY 97 funds.

B. Binding Commitments

DEQ will enter into binding commitments in an amount equal to each quarterly grant payment and proportional state match within one year of receipt of that payment. Payment dates are listed in Attachment III of this document.

C. Expeditious and Timely Expenditures

DEQ will strive to expend all funds in the DWSRF in a timely and expeditious manner.

D. State Matching Funds

DEQ agrees to deposit state monies into the DWSRF in an amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the federal Capitalization Grant on or before the date by which the State of Idaho receives the cash draw from EPA. These funds will be transferred from the State of Idaho Water Pollution Control Account.

E. State Laws and Procedures

DEQ agrees to expend each quarterly grant payment in accordance with applicable state laws and procedures.

F. National Reporting Needs

DEQ agrees to provide data or information to EPA as may be required for national reports, and public or congressional inquiries.

VI. Criteria and Method for Distribution of Funds

Idaho drinking water systems will be queried regularly to obtain information regarding projects for which loan monies could be used. Additional information about potential projects will be obtained from DEQ Regional Office engineers, privately retained consulting engineers and other state and federal agencies. DWSRF monies will be distributed according to the methods, criteria and eligible activities as identified and described in the Idaho Administrative Code IDAPA 58.01.20 - Rules for Administration of Drinking Water Loan Account.

The criteria and methods for distribution of funds are designed to allow maximum flexibility in providing assistance, thereby enhancing the long-term viability and revolving loan aspect of the DWSRF Program.

DEQ will use the priority rating system outlined here for managing the DWSRF program. Only projects on the Project Priority List are eligible for funding. DEQ will use a List of Fundable Projects and a companion Comprehensive Project Priority List (see Attachment II). DEQ will select projects for the List of Fundable Projects starting with the highest rated project on the Comprehensive Project Priority List that is ready to proceed and continue down that list as far as possible in order to use all of the available funds.

DEQ reserves the right to fund lower priority projects over higher priority projects that are not ready or willing to proceed. In such instances DEQ will comply with established by-pass procedures. DEQ may add projects to the List of Fundable Projects due to emergencies such as an unanticipated system failure or a project that is needed to prevent an imminent health threat.

No funding commitment will be made to a project until an engineering report, environmental review and a financial, managerial, and technical assessment have been completed.

The rating criteria used for the SFY 2008 Project Priority List are as follows:

	Points
PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY	
Water borne outbreak, or contaminated source level exceeds unreasonable risk	
to health, or failed water source	100
PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARD	
PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARD Evidence of waterborne illnesses	19
Reports of waterborne illnesses	10
High potential for waterborne illnesses	5
WATER QUALITY VIOLATION	
Microbiological	
More than 6 primary maximum contaminant level	
(MCL) violations in preceding 12 months	15
4-6 MCL violations in past 12 months	12
2-3 MCL violations in past 12 months	9
1 MCL violation in past 12 months	6
Positive coliform sample in last 12 months	3
Chemical	
MCL exceeded chronic chemical, radiological or lead	15
Action level exceeded for copper	11
Violation of secondary drinking water standards	8
Does not meet all applicable MCL goals	
Surface water treatment technique violations	15
<u>*</u>	

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES	<u>Points</u>
Necessary water treatment facilities either do not exist, are not functioning or	r
do not meet Idaho drinking water rules	
Ground water sources are not developed or protected according to the rules	10
Source capacity is not adequate to meet demand and the system occasionally	goes
dry or has low pressure	
Storage, pumping and distribution facilities have inadequate capacity to meet	t demand 10
Facilities have inadequate capacity and cannot meet current demand	10
Existing storage tanks leak excessively or are structurally flawed	
Pipe leak repair greater than 4 leaks per 100 connections per year	2
OVERALL URGENCY (Only 1 selected)	
System out of water, no water to flush toilets	
Water delivered cannot be rendered safe by boiling or system delivers water	
rendered safe by running to waste	10
Water delivered can be rendered safe by boiling or by running to waste	
System occasionally out of water	5
UNDER CONSENT OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER	20
UNDER CONSENT OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER	
INCENTIVES	
Source water assessment	2
Protective zone	
Master or facility plan complete	2
Replacement fund established	
Consolidation plan in place	
Active back flow program in place	
Conservation oriented rate structure (meters)	
Current on all monitoring requirements	
<u>AFFORDABILITY</u>	
Project user charge exceeds affordable criteria	10

VII. Additional Information Requirements

A. Public Review and Comment

The IUP contents including the Project Priority List were subjected to a thorough public participation process. Regional office staff made personal contact with drinking water systems in their respective areas that had indicated interest. Draft Project Priority Lists were also disseminated to all state and federal agencies involved in infrastructure financing. Those agencies, including Rural Development, Rural Community Assistance Corporation, Idaho Department of Water Resources and Idaho Department of Commerce and Labor (Community Development Block Grants) meet periodically to discuss potential projects.

In addition to the above, the draft Intended Use Plan including the List of Fundable Projects and the Project Priority List was posted on the DEQ website and notices inviting comment were published in the major newspapers of the state during the comment period.

A summary of the public participation process is included as Attachment V.

Projects from the SFY 2008 Project Priority List for which DEQ intends to provide loan funding, are identified on the List of Fundable Projects on Attachment II.

The Board of Environmental Quality adopted the SFY 2008 Project Priority List and the List of Fundable Projects on April 18, 2007.

B. Bypass Procedures

A project that does not or will not meet the project target date or a DEQ schedule that allows for timely utilization of loan funds may be bypassed, substituting in its place the next highest ranking project(s) that is ready to proceed, as identified and described in the Idaho Administrative Code IDAPA 58.01.20 - Rules for Administration of Drinking Water Loan Account. DEQ intends to utilize Project Priority List ranking as much as possible when preparing the Intended Use Plan. However the lack of adequate funding, changes in project scope, failure to pass a bond election, or other unforeseen circumstances may require that a project on the Intended Use Plan be bypassed. If a project is bypassed, DEQ will offer loan funds to the highest ranked, ready-to-proceed project from the most current approved Project Priority List.

ATTACHMENT I

IDAHO DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND FUNDING BREAKDOWN FFY 2007 Allotment = \$8,229,300

			Available
	Available		for the
Federal Capitalization Funds	Funds	Set-asides	DWSRF
4% Program Administration 1452(g)	\$329,172	(\$329,172)	\$0
2% Technical Assistance 1452(g)	164,586	(164,586)	0
10% PWSS Funding 1452(g)	822,930	(822,930)	0
10% Wellhead Protection 1452(k)	822,930	(822,930)	0
5% Capacity Development 1452(k)	411,465	(411,465)	0
Available for Loan Projects	5,678,217		5,678,217
Total Capitalization Grant	8,229,300	(2,551,083)	5,678,217
State Match	1,645,860	-	1,645,860
Additional Available Funds	30,848,752	-	30,848,752
Total Available for DWSRF Loans	\$40,723,912	(\$2,551,083)	\$38,172,829

ATTACHMENT II

State of Idaho Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund State Fiscal Year 2008 Fundable Projects and Priority List

LIST OF FUNDABLE DRINKING WATER LOAN PROJECTS

Project	Rank	System Type	Loan Amount	Project Description	Estimated Commitment Date	Location of Project and DEQ Regional Office
Warm Lake Recreational ID4430054	* 1	PNP	¢400,000	Ungrada couras ganasity	7/30/2007	Valley County and Boise Regional Office
City of Fruitland ID3380005	2	PNP	\$400,000	Upgrade source capacity Construction of a surface water plant	8/30/2007	Payette County and Boise Regional
Meander Point HOA ID5420040	4	PNP	\$2,800,000	Treatment, new source, storage and distribution	12/30/2007	Twin Falls County and Twin Falls Regional Office
Clearwater Water District ID2250011	5	PNP	\$750,000	Amend/reconstruct existing water filter to meet turbidity standards.	5/30/2008	
City of Buhl ID5420007	8	P	\$8,000,000		9/30/2007	Twin Falls County and Twin Falls Regional Office
City of Inkom ID6030025	* 10	P	\$1,000,000	Copper treatment, upgrades to distribution system, storage and installation of water meters	9/30/2007	Bannock County and Pocatello Regional Office
Kingston Water District #1 ID1400030	11	PNP	\$3,000,000	Correct GWUDI and corrosion problems by connecting to CSCWD or drilling new well.		Shoshone County and Coeur d'Alene Regional Office
City of Cambridge ID3440002	12	P		Storage tank, piping and pump upgrades	5/30/2008	Washington County and Boise Regional Office
City of Iona ID7100041	13	P	\$2,500,000	Supply, Stroage, Distribution, Treatment, Secondary Power	3/30/2008	Bonneville County and Idaho Falls Regional Office

LIST OF FUNDABLE DRINKING WATER LOAN PROJECTS (Continued)

				Community growth impacts.		Bannock County
City of McCammon				Heavy commercail impact on		and Pocatello
ID6030038	14	P	\$1,000,000	fire flows.	2/30/2008	Regional Office
				4		Fremont County
City of St. Anthony				Supply, Stroage, Distribution,		and Idaho Falls
ID7220067	15	P	\$4,092,329	Treatment	4/30/2008	Regional Office
				Source development,		
				inadequate pressure,		Bingham County
						,
Atomic City				inadequate storage, upgrades		and Pocatello
ID6060003	* 16	P	\$300,000	to distribution system	8/30/2007	Regional Office

\$38,<u>172,829</u>

P = Public System PNP = Private Non-profit System

This list contains projects that are the highest rated that are ready to proceed. Projects on this fundable list may be bypassed if they do not complete an engineering report that complies with DEQ requirements or do not meet DEQ requirements for financial, managerial or technical capability. A description of each of the projects

^{*}Note: Projects with an asterisk in the "Rank" column are carried over from fiscal year's 2007 list. These communities had began the loan process during fiscal year 2007; however, the loan process was not completed during the same fiscal year and so the projects were carried forward. The number following the asterisk is the entity's ranking on the FY 2008 Priority List.

ATTACHMENT II (Continued)

Statewide FY2008 Drinking Water Loan Priority List

		Number of Rating		Reg.	DEQ Est	
Rank	Project	Points	POP	Office	Loan Amount	Project Description
1	Warm Lake Recreational ID4430054	000	70	DDO	\$400,000	Uparado soureo conocitu
	City of Fruitland	206	72	BRO	\$400,000	Upgrade source capacity
2	ID3380005	201	4,700	BRO	\$14,000,000	Construction of a surface water plant
	Yellow Pine Water Users, Inc. ID4430059	455	75	DDO	COO 000	Replace sand filter & install storage to provide
3	Meander Point HOA	155	75	BRO	\$90,000	needed cpacity & sufficient contact time.
4	ID5420040	143	140	TwF	\$2,800,000	Treatment, New Source, Storage & Dist.
5	Clearwater Water District ID2250011	130	100	LRO	\$450,000	Amend/reconstruct existing water filter to meet turbidity standards.
	Grand View Water and Sewer	100	100	2.10	\$ 100,000	
6	ID3370010	120	470	BRO	\$2,376,000	Arsenic removal plant
	City of Twin Falls			734		Improvements and Supply Project (Arsenic
7	ID5420058	105	39,000	TwF	\$20,000,000	rule)
	City of Buhl					
* 8	ID5420007	101	4,107	TwF	\$8,000,000	Improvements Project (Arsenic rule)
	Hammitan Hama Oumana Assa	X				
9	Hampton Home Owners Asoc. ID4010071	99	95	BRO	\$14,000	Point of use treatment for arsenic
	154010071	99	33	DICO	ψ14,000	Copper treatment, upgrades to distribution
	City of Inkom (PWS					system, storage and installation of water
* 10	ID6030025)	93	770	PRO	\$1,000,000	
	Kingston Water District #1					Correct GWUDI and corrosion problems by
11	ID1400030	92	700	CDA	\$3,000,000	connecting to CSCWD or drilling new well.
	City of Ammon				_	Supply, Stroage, Pumps, Distribution,
12	ID7100004	91	10,923	IFRO	\$15,000,000	Secondary Power
40	City of Cambridge			550	#000 7 00	
13	ID3440002	91	341	BRO	\$330,500	Storage tank, piping and pump upgrades
14	City of Iona ID7100041	86	1,201	IFRO	\$2,500,000	Supply, Stroage, Distribution, Treatment, Secondary Power
14	City of McCammon	00	1,201	IFKU	φ2,500,000	Community growth impacts. Heavy
15	ID6030038	79	850	PRO	\$1,000.000	commercail impact on fire flows.
		. • 1		•	+ ,,,,,,,,,	Present me memer

Statewide FY2008 Drinking Water Loan Priority List

Rank	Project	Number of Rating Points	POP	Reg. Office	DEQ Est Loan Amount	Project Description
	-					Source development, inadequate pressure,
						inadequate storage, upgrades to distribution
* 16	Atomic City (PWS ID6060003)	79	30	PRO	\$300,000	3
	City of St. Anthony					
17	ID7220067	73	3,742	IFRO	\$5,400,000	Supply, Stroage, Distribution, Treatment
	Mission Creek Water Assoc.					
18	ID1110019	70	100	CDA	\$200,000	Uranium treatment and new well
	Ahsahka Water & Sewer					Replace source, upgrade storage and
19	ID2180001	70	130	LRO	\$300,000	distribution, add individual meters
	Rimrock Water System, North					Extend water service to a developed area with
	Kootenai Water District					inadequate or non-existent individual water
20	ID1280009	46	2,420	CDA	\$2,880,000	supplies.
	City of Kimberly	-	X @			
21	ID5420033	42	2,700	TwF	\$5,700,000	New Well, Storage & Distribution Improv
	City of Heyburn					
22	ID5340006	39	3,000	TwF	\$2,400,000	New Well & Distribution Improvements
	Star Sewer and Water					
23	ID4010220	38	5,000	BRO	\$2,466,900	2 new storage tanks and lines
	City of Wendell					
24	ID5240028	37	2,335	TwF	\$3,000,000	Separate Irrigation and Existing Sys. Retrofit
	City of Hansen		* * *			
25	ID5420027	35	1,100	TwF	\$500,000	New Source Development and Dist Imprv.
	Smiley Creek HOA					
26	ID5070087	34	62	TwF	\$140,000	Distribution and Treatment Improv. Project
	Sagle Valley W&S District					Water system consolidation and service area
27	ID1090118	34	500	CDA	\$2,000,000	expansion
	City of Richfield		_			
28	ID5320005	33	461	TwF	\$4,000,000	New Source, Booster, Reservoir & Dist.
	City of Filer				*	Improvements Project (Add. supply on south
29	ID5420021	31	1,690	TwF	\$1,260,000	side)

Statewide FY2008 Drinking Water Loan Priority List

Rank	Project	Number of Rating Points	POP	Reg. Office	DEQ Est Loan Amount	Project Description
	City of Kuna					
30	ID4010085	29	12,000	BRO	\$4,500,000	Storage tank and piping
	City of Meridian					
31	ID4010097	24	66,565	BRO	\$2,500,000	Storage reservior
	City of Middleton					
32	ID3140074	24	4,800	BRO	\$773,000	Trunk line and wells for growth
	Tamarack Resort (Priority A)					Develop 2 new wells, add storage and
33	ID4430100	22	1,920	BRO	\$10,000,000	transmission lines.

^{*}carried over from FY2007

WARNING: USE OF THIS LIST AS A MAILING LIST OR AS A TELEPHONE NUMBER LIST IS PROHIBITED BY IDAHO CODE SECTION 9-348 AND IS PUNISHABLE BY A CIVIL PENALTY OF UP TO \$1,000.

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IDAHO DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND FFY 2007 PROJECT PAYMENT SCHEDULE

Payment #	Quarter Ending	Project Fund Payments	Set-Aside Payments	Total Payments
1	September 2007	\$0	\$1,913,312	\$1,913,312
1	September 2007	φυ		
2	December 2007	0	212,591	212,591
3	March 2008	500,000	212,590	712,590
4	June 2008	500,000	212,590	712,590
5	September 2008	1,000,000	0	1,000,000
6	December 2008	1,000,000	0	1,000,000
7	March 2009	1,000,000	0	1,000,000
8	June 2009	1,678,217	0	1,678,217
Total		\$5,678,217	\$2,551,083	\$8,229,300

A payment is defined as an increase to the ceiling in the Automated Clearinghouse Payment System. Commitments cannot be made until the ceiling on the letter of credit is adequate to cover that commitment.

Each payment is for the beginning of each quarter with planned commitments to be made through the end of that quarter. Each payment <u>must</u> be committed within one year of the payment date, in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996.

IDAHO DRINKING WATER REVOLVING LOAN FUND DESCRIPTION OF DISADVANTAGED LOANS

In conjunction with the standard loans, the Department may award loans to applicants deemed disadvantaged using the following criteria. In order to qualify for a disadvantaged loan, a loan applicant must have a median household income that does not exceed 80% of the statewide non-metropolitan median household income from the most recent census data and an annual cost of drinking water service for residential customers which exceeds 2% of the median household income. The annual cost includes all operating, maintenance, replacement and debt service costs, both for the existing system and upgrades being financed with state revolving funds. If the applicant's service area is not within the boundaries of a municipality, the applicant may use the census data for the county in which it is located.

First the loan interest rate will be reduced from the rate established by the Administrator for standard loans to a rate that results in an annual charge equal to 2% of median household income. The interest rate reduction may be as low as 0%. If at a 0% and a 20 year repayment the annual charge exceeds 2% of median household income, the length of the loan repayment will be extended in increments of years up to a maximum of 30 years until the annual cost equals 2% of median household income. If at 0% interest and a 30-year repayment, the annual charge per residential user still exceeds 2% of median household income, the principal which causes the user charge to exceed 2% may be reduced. Before an applicant's principal will be reduced, the applicant must have been either declined assistance or only received partial assistance from all other state and federal agencies offering grants. The principal reduction cannot exceed 50% of the cost of an individual project. The amount of principal reduction for all projects cannot exceed 30% of the capitalization grant or \$2,468,790.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND INVOLVEMENT STRATEGY FOR FY 2008 WASTEWATER AND DRINKING WATER PRIORITY LISTS

The public was involved in the FY2008 priority list development at several points in the process. Involvement for the drinking water and water pollution control lists were the same: needs were solicited directly from the systems through a letter of interest mailed out by the DEQ early in the priority list process. Information on the completed letter of interest forms was used in part by the State and Regional office staff in preparing draft lists. A copy of the letter of interest form and the cover letter that was sent with it are included as attachments here. We are finding that combining information obtained directly from eligible entities with that provided by our engineering staff results in the most accurate listing of infrastructure needs.

Notification that all four FY2008 priority lists were available for public review was given in Idaho's six major (regional) newspapers for approximately twenty-one days. Notices were published three times in each of the newspapers. Copies of proofs of publication are included as attachments here.

Notification of availability of the lists was also placed on DEQ's web site from March 7-26, 2007. A copy of the web site cover page is included here.

Approval packages related to the four lists were sent to the Board of Environmental Quality prior to their meeting on April 18, 2007. Copies of the Issue Analyses for the SRF loan lists and the Board agenda are included as attachments here. DEQ staff made presentations at the Board meeting on April 18, 2007 and answered questions about the lists. The Board approved all lists on April 18, 2007.

ATTACHMENT VI

IDAHO DRINKING WATER REVOLVING LOAN FUND DOCUMENTATION OF MATCHING FUNDS FOR SET-ASIDES

State match required for the 1452(g) set-asides	\$826,880
Federal fiscal year 2007 State funds applied towards PWSS program:	\$1,624,916
Required match for PWSS grant:	(692,354)
Over-match available from Federal fiscal year 2006 funds	\$932,562
State fiscal year 1993 funds applied to PWSS program:	\$892,674
Total available for State match	\$1,825,236

More match is available than is needed since only \$826,880 is needed for the match. 50% (\$413,440) will come from the Federal fiscal year 2006 over-match and 50% (\$413,440) will come from the State fiscal year 1993 credit. Expenditure of Federal fiscal year 2006 over-match will be documented in the Financial Status Reports (FSRs) submitted for the PWSS program.